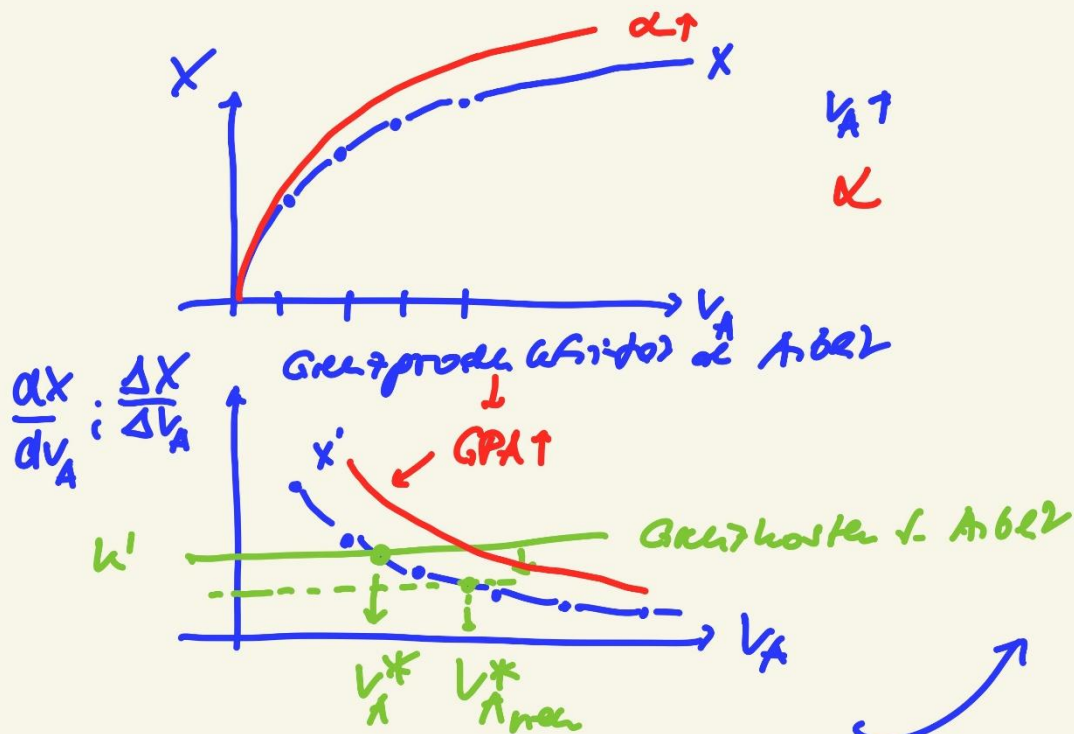
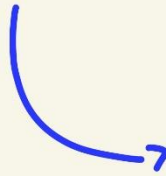


A-Analyse — Lineare K.
 — Elthapweise
 — variable PF $v_A; v_K$

variable Produktionsfaktoren

$$X = \alpha \cdot \underline{v_A}^\beta \cdot v_K^{1-\beta} \quad v_K = \text{const}$$



Ricardo 1821 (Ludd)

↓
 Friseurtheorie

$\alpha \uparrow \rightarrow GPA \uparrow \rightarrow \frac{K}{X} \downarrow \rightarrow P \downarrow$ bei $X = \text{const}$
 $(\frac{\alpha X}{\sigma v_A} \uparrow)$



*

Computable Theory

$\alpha \uparrow \rightarrow GPA \uparrow \rightarrow \frac{K}{X} \downarrow \rightarrow P \downarrow$

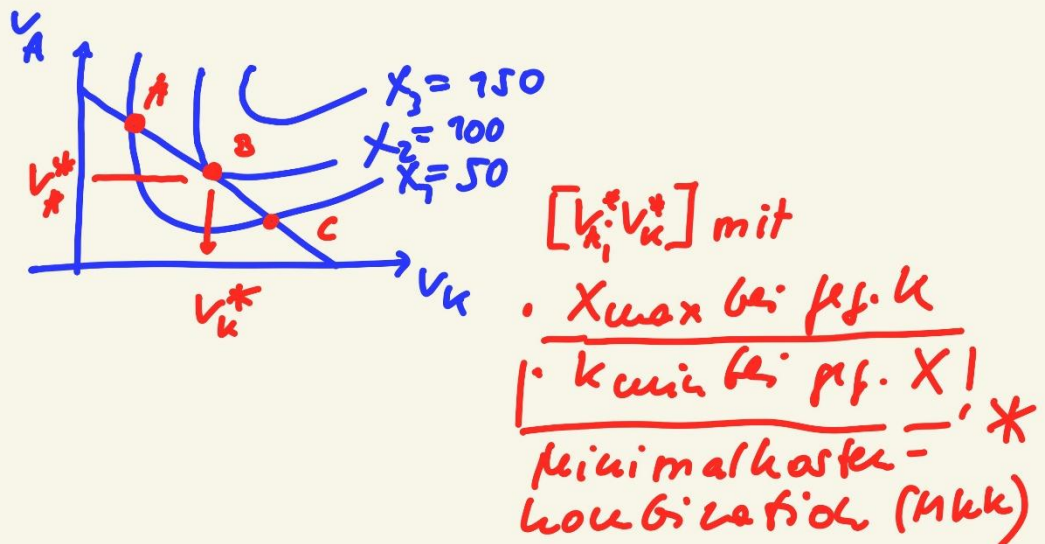
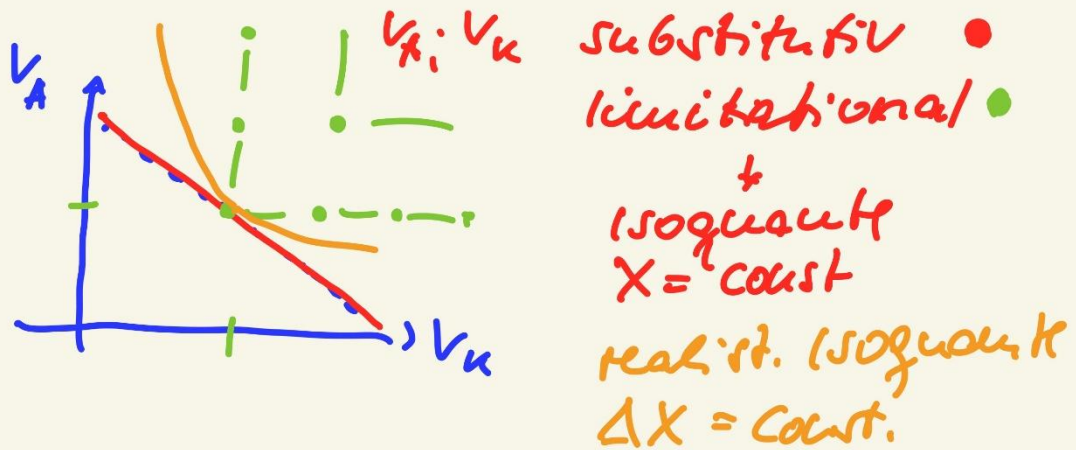
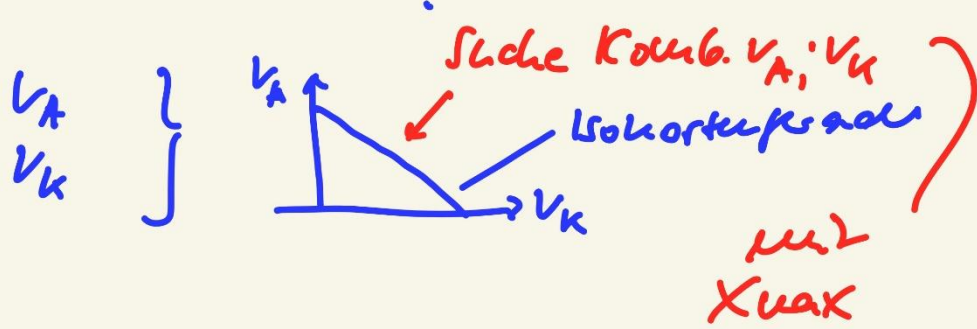
① Konopole

② ind. Steuer

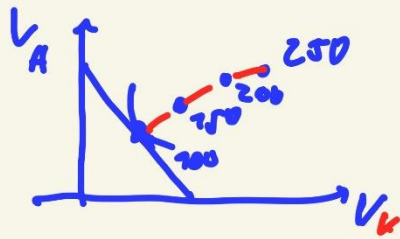


bei $X = \text{const}$

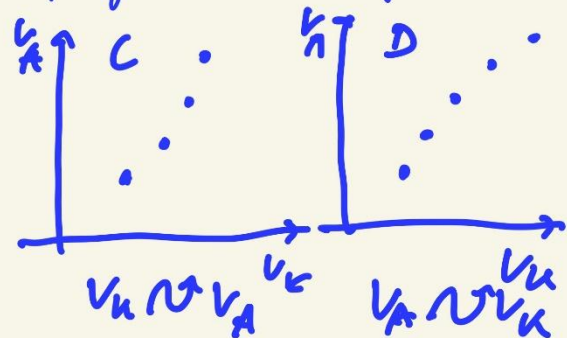
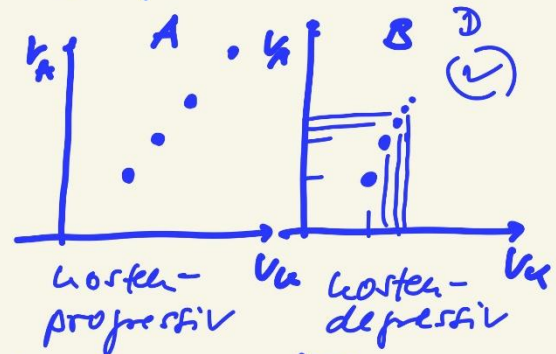
Realien kommen
 → Need
 aus. Gek → $v_A \uparrow$



Expansionspfade *



1X zw. V_A und $V_K = \text{const}$



Ausgang K

$$K = V_A \cdot q_A + V_K \cdot q_K$$

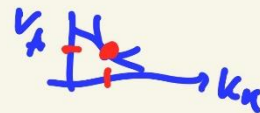
$$f = aX + b$$

$$V_A = f(V_K)$$

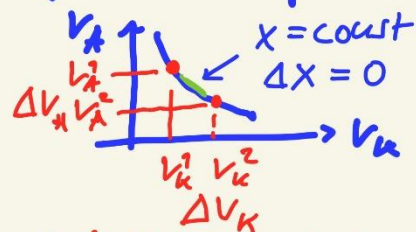
$$K - V_K \cdot q_K = V_A \cdot q_A$$

$$\frac{K}{q_A} - \frac{q_K}{q_A} \cdot V_K = V_A$$

$$\downarrow \text{MUK} \quad \rightarrow \quad -\frac{q_K}{q_A} = -\frac{GP_K}{GP_A}$$



Ausgang X



Kind-
prod.
dr. Kind-
einsatzvol
 V_A

Kind-
prod.
+ durch
einsatz
von Kapital
 V_K

$\Delta V_A \cdot GP_A + \Delta V_K \cdot GP_K = 0$

$$\Delta V_A \cdot GP_A + \Delta V_K \cdot GP_K = 0$$

$$\Delta V_A = f(\Delta V_K)$$

$$\Delta V_A \cdot GP_A = -\Delta V_K \cdot GP_K$$

$$\Delta V_A = -\frac{GP_K}{GP_A} \cdot \Delta V_K$$

Grenzfaktor
der
Faktorsubstitution

$$-\frac{q_K}{q_A} = -\frac{GP_K}{GP_A}$$

(2) $\frac{GP_A}{q_A} = \frac{GP_K}{q_K}$ prod.-orientierte Lohnpolitik
 (1) $\uparrow q_A$
 (2) $\uparrow GP_A$ $\neq$ $\frac{GP_K}{q_K} \downarrow$ $q_A \rightarrow GP_A \uparrow$ durch Invest. $\rightarrow GP_K \downarrow$
 (1) $\uparrow q_A$

Zsf. A-Analyse

- opt. Prod. plan $\rightarrow X_A?$
-  X_{max}
- $\rightarrow$ linear Kosten $\rightarrow \frac{G_{max}}{q_i} X_{max}$ aber Kap.-verl. < 100%
- Altkend.: $\bar{Q}$ -Plan, Ratio-Invest., DB
- $\rightarrow$ u-Analyse: Prod.-Plat., FVF, Kostenfunkt.
- $\rightarrow$ Ertragsfunkt.: $\pi^k \neq \pi^2$
- $\rightarrow$  $\rightarrow G_{max} := k' = E' \forall X$ mit $E > k \neq k$
- $\rightarrow$  $\rightarrow$ ind. A G_{max} : oben X_{max} unter 30 % $\neq$
- $\rightarrow$ 2 variable PF $\rightarrow f(k, k) \neq \rightarrow E^P \neq$
 $\hookrightarrow -\frac{q_K}{q_A} = -\frac{GP_K}{GP_A}$ $\neq \pi^2$